

In the Claims:

Please cancel claims 66-69, 71 and 74-78.

Please amend claims 70, 72 and 79-81.

P1c
 1 ~~70~~. (Amended) A method of determining if an incident is on a travel route, the method comprising:
dynamically
 generating regions of interest surrounding each of a plurality of segments of the travel route;

determining that the incident is within one region of interest;

determining that the incident is on the travel route; and

wherein the dynamically generated regions of interest are substantially elliptical.

P2a
 2 ~~72~~. (Amended) A method of determining if an incident is on a travel route, the method comprising:
dynamically
 generating regions of interest surrounding each of a plurality of segments of the travel route;

determining that the incident is within one region of interest;

determining that the incident is on the travel route; and

wherein each of said dynamically generated regions of interest have perimeters where distances to end points of each of said segments are substantially uniform and each of said distances are dynamically increased in relation to the length of said segments.

P3
 4 ~~79~~. (Amended) A method of determining if an incident is on a travel route, the method comprising:
 generating regions of interest surrounding each of a plurality of segments of the travel route;

determining that the incident is within one region of interest;

determining that the incident is on the travel route; and

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wherein the plurality of segments are dynamically determined by generating the travel route comprising said segments once a request has been made for the travel route and dynamically generating said regions of interest surrounding each of said segments comprises dynamically forming a substantially elliptical region of interest around each of said segments.

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80. (Amended) A computer readable medium, containing computer interactions for performing any of the methods of Claims ^{1 2 3 4}~~70, 72-73~~ or ~~79~~.

⁶
81. (Amended) A computing apparatus, operative to perform any of the methods of Claims ^{1 2 3 4}~~70, 72-73~~ or ~~79~~.

[Please add claims 82-96, as follows:]

⁷
82. (New) A computer-implemented method for dynamically matching an incident to a route, the method comprising:

obtaining route information comprising a plurality of route segments, each route segment represented by a line having a route segment start-point and a route segment end-point;

obtaining at least one incident represented by an incident point;

determining if the incident point is proximate to any of the route segments; and

associating the incident with at least one route segment to which it is determined that the incident point is proximate.

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83. (New) The method of Claim ⁷~~82~~, wherein determining if the incident point is proximate to any of the route segments comprises:

selecting at least one of the route segments comprising the route;

assuming a triangle having:

a base-side substantially defined by the selected route segment;

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an incident vertex opposite the base-side that is substantially defined by the incident point;

a first-side of the triangle substantially defined from the selected route segment start-point to the incident vertex;

a second-side of the triangle substantially defined from the selected route segment end-point to the incident vertex;

determining a length of the base-side;

calculating a length of the first-side;

calculating a length of the second-side;

assuming a substantially elliptical zone of interest defined by the selected route segment start-point and end-point as foci plus a padding value; and

determining that the incident is within a zone of interest if the length of the first-side plus the length of the second-side is less than or equal to the length of the base-side plus the padding value.

84. (New) The method of Claim 83, wherein associating the incident with at least one route segment further comprises:

determining whether a distance to the incident vertex from the selected route segment is less than or equal to a minimum distance value; and

associating the incident with the selected route segment if the distance to the incident vertex is less than or equal to a minimum distance value.

85. (New) The method of Claim 84, further comprising displaying the incident together with at least one route segment to which the incident is associated.

86. (New) The method of Claim 85, wherein associating the incident with at least one route segment further comprises:

calculating a first vertex value representing the angle formed by the first-side of the triangle and the base-side;

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calculating a second vertex value representing the angle formed by the second-side of the triangle and the base-side; and

associating the incident with the selected route segment if both the first vertex value and the second vertex value are equal to ninety degrees or less.

¹²~~87~~. (New) The method of Claim ¹¹~~86~~, further comprising displaying the incident together with at least one route segment to which the incident is associated.

¹³~~88~~. (New) The method of Claim ¹¹~~86~~, wherein the incident is represented by a plurality of incident points and the method of associating the incident with at least one route segment is performed for more than one of the plurality of the incident points.

¹⁴~~89~~. (New) The method of Claim ¹³~~88~~, wherein the plurality of incident points includes an incident start-point and an incident end-point, the method further comprising:

iteratively processing each incident point from the incident start-point to the incident end-point until the incident is associated with at least one of the route segments or all the route segments have been processed; and

iteratively processing each incident point from the incident end-point to the incident start-point until the incident is associated with at least one of the route segments or all the route segments have been processed.

¹⁵~~90~~. (New) The method of Claim ¹⁴~~89~~, displaying the incident together with each route segment with which the incident is associated.

¹⁶~~91~~. (New) The method of Claim ¹⁴~~89~~, displaying the incident together with any one route segment with which the incident start-point is associated.

¹⁷~~92~~. (New) The method of Claim ¹⁴~~89~~, displaying the incident together with any one route segment with which the incident end-point is associated.

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~~93~~. (New) The method of Claim ~~88~~¹³, wherein the route is automatically generated based upon an origination location and a destination location.

¹⁹
~~94~~. (New) The method of Claim ~~88~~¹³, wherein the route information is automatically generated based upon an origination location, a destination location and at least one route location requirement.

²⁰
~~95~~. (New) The method of Claim ~~94~~¹⁹, further comprising:
 displaying the automatically generated route information;
 receiving the at least one route location requirement through a user interface;
 obtaining revised route information meeting the at least one route location requirement; and
 associating the incident with the revised route information.

²¹
~~96~~. (New) The method of any ^{one} of Claim ~~82~~⁷ though ~~95~~²⁰ encoded as computer-readable program instructions.